

HISTORIC SITES

Royal Seats, scenes of historic events—battles, mass meetings, historic festivals, &c. Location. Landowner. Historical or traditional notes.

Battles: The Annals of Longe Be under the year 1235 give the note on a battle at Wickraker one of the islands in Clew Bay belonging to the parish. The reference is as follows: "As to Fedhlin, son of Canice Cronkader, however, the resolution be accepted."

see page 12

HISTORIC HOUSES ; BURIAL PLACES

(a) Birth places or one-time residences of distinguished Irishmen or other personalities. Location and description. Present owner or occupant. (b) Burial places of distinguished personalities.

none.

SPAS OR MINERAL SPRINGS

Spas formerly in use. Location and present condition. Access. Right of way to public? Mineral content and curative properties so far as known locally.

none.

was to take with him lowances O' Donknaill
 all the lands that he found in Co. na maine -
 Maen and in Co. na maine - na - leide, and
 those belonging to all who obeyed his counsel
 - and the son of Maghnus, and Lochoblar
 Ruadh, son of Muiscceatall Muinkneach -
 and to leave the country wasted for
 the foreigners. After this, namely, the foreigners
 came to Dun - Mothore, and sent
 messengers to Maghnus, son of Muiscceatall
 Muinkneach, to demand peace & hostages
 from him; and Maghnus gave them neither
 peace nor hostages. The foreigners then
 sent great predatory bands from Dun-
 Mothore, and the sons of Ruaidhri, with
 innumerable ~~men~~ mercenaries; & these
 plundered Ecuill, and brought great
 herds with them to Skuine, where
 the foreigners. His legates Aedh O'
 Flaith bleataigh and Eogan O' h Eiblin,
 see page 14

Co. of Mayo. Raony of Puenhoale. Parish of Kluencia.

Battles Conto from page 13.

However, they went round ~~with~~ with a large army, and with Coals' ship had been brought from Kluencia - Lokimhaca. The Coals came with their forces, the Justiciary being the 5th of them to Drunne, to the Cella of Dis-araigh. Maghno was at this time with his vessels, in the Sound of the Island; and great contests and conflicts were waged by them in there. The Foreigners were at this time fatigued, and the resolution they adopted was to occupy a camp, and to withdraw their Coals to a corner of the large Strand which was there. When Maghno perceived this thing he proceeded from the Sound eastwards, and went upon Dis-raithia; and some of his people went upon Dis-araigh, and took deep Terepan to Cat. see page 15

When the Foreigners observed, moreover, that
 Maghens and his people had gone towards
 the island, and then to another island,
 and that they had neither watch nor
 watch over the Foreigners, and that the
 island was between them and the
 Foreigners—when the Foreigners perceived
 this they were furious, terribly, and
 quickly; and they suddenly lifted their
 boats along the strand, and put them
 on the sea, and seized them promptly
 with force, and with armed, mail-clad
 soldiers, who went upon the two islands,
 and killed all the people they found in
 them. Maghens and all of his people
 who were in dis-raidin, arose and went
 into their vessels against the Foreigners
 and their boats. However, though does
 the period of the day remaining at this
~~hour~~ hour, there was not a cow remaining on
 the page 16

Acc. of Mayo. Barony of Bunscoil. Parish of Kilmeara

any idea of the Dnsi-Head that was
not transferred to the land before night;
and (the shores of the land) would have
themselves previously gone away, through
thick and long, if they had not
been captured; and many inferior
persons were slain between them this
night."

Another reference under the year 1213 from
the Tribes & Customs of the Fiacra is
as follows: "Donchadh O' Dubhda sailed
with a fleet of fifty-six ships from the
Dnsi-Head, and landed on the Rathin,
one of the Dnsi-Head, in the hall, and
wrested his own land free of tribute from
Cathal le roib h'abairg O' Enor."

The Danes were in occupation of a place called
 Ross (a peninsula in the North-western part of the
 parish) which was a stronghold of theirs. The
 Danes had all the O'Galley's wiped out
 with the exception of one pregnant woman
 of the clan who drew across an inlet of
 the sea to Calaggan, when she reached the
 main land, she came last towards a cave which
 to a female child in the year near a
 habitation of Dr. Brendan. Being informed of
 the event by his servant, Dr. Brendan
 sent the latter to cover both of them
 with his cloak. He afterwards went to a
 place about 1 mile from there dug up
 a hole & water sprang forth and became
 larger, Dr. Brendan applied the female
 child three times in the wall, with
 the result that the baby became a
 male & the name of Dr. O'Galley was
 thus preserved.